

MINISTRY OF PRIMARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION

SPORT MANAGEMENT SYLLABUS

SECONDARY SCHOOL LEVEL (Form 5 and 6)

(2015 – 2022)

Curriculum Development Unit P.O. Box MP 133 MOUNT PLEASANT HARARE © All rights reserved 2015

Acknowledgements

The Ministry of Primary and Secondary Education wishes to acknowledge the following for their valued contribution in the production of this syllabus:

- The Sports Management National Syllabus Panel
- National University of Science and Technology(NUST)
- Sport and Recreation Commission (SRC)
- Bindura University of Science Education (BUSE)
- Zimbabwe School Examination Council (ZIMSEC)

Table of Contents

Acknowledgements2
1.0 Preamble
1.1 Introduction1
1.2 Rationale1
1.3 Summary of content2
1.5 Time Allocation
1.6 Assumptions
1.7 Cross cutting themes
2.0 Presentation of the syllabus4
3.0AIMS4
4.00BJECTIVES
TOPIC 1: Principles oOf Sport Management5
TOPIC 2: Sport Governance and Participation
TOPIC 3: Sport Law and Ethics
TOPIC 4: Sport Business Management7
TOPIC 5: Sport and Recreation7
TOPIC 6: Sport Event Organisation7
5.0 SCOPE AND SEQUENCE
TOPIC 1: Principles of Sport Management
TOPIC 2: Sport Governance and Participation10
TOPIC 3: Sport Law and Ethics
TOPIC 4: Sport Business Management
TOPIC 5: Sport and Recreation

TOPIC 6: Sport Event Organisation	15
TOPIC 6: Sport Event Organisation 5.06.0 FORM 5 COMPETENCY MATRIX	16
TOPIC 1: Principles of Sport Management	16
TOPIC 2: Sport Governance and Participation	20
TOPIC 3: Sport Law and Ethics	25
TOPIC 4: Sport Business Management	27
TOPIC 5: Sport and Recreation	29
TOPIC 6: Sport Event Organisation	30
FORM 6 COMPETENCY MATRIX	31
TOPIC 1: Principles of Sport Management	31
TOPIC 32: Sport Law and Ethics	
TOPIC 34: Sport Business Management	36
TOPIC 45: Sport and Recreation	37
TOPIC 56: Sport Event Organisation	38
7.0 ASSESSMENT	39
7.1 Assessment Objectives	
8.0 SCHEME OF ASSESSMENT	40
8.1 Forms of Assessment	41
8.2 Continuous Assessment (60%)	42
8.3 Summative Assessment (40%)	42
9.0 THE SPECIFICATION GRID	43
10.0 Skill guide	43

1.0 Preamble

1.1 Introduction

This Sports Management Syllabus is designed for Secondary School learners (Form 5 and 6). It ensures access to the Sports Management Curriculum regardless of gender, race, religion and handicap. Learners pursuing Sports Management at forms 5 and 6 must have passes in Physical Education, Sport and Mass Displays, Mathematics and at least one commercial learning area at Form 4

The syllabus helps to promote the development of learners with a comprehensive understanding of sport management principles as they apply to management, leadership styles, communication, and motivation that will enable them to run successful sports entities with the respect of the dignity of hard work and honesty. This course enhances effective management strategies and knowledge associated with pursuing a career in sport management. The course introduces the student to sport management career opportunities in the sport industry and also acts as a pathway for entry into enterprising ventures and tertiary education.

1.2 Rationale

Sports Management is an anchor to any successful sporting programme. It provides a dynamic force that is necessary to organise material, human and financial resources for a productive organisation. This syllabus equips learners in the educational setting with the knowledge and skills to apply the basic principles of sport management. Studying the learning area enables Zimbabwe to produce confident and informed learners. The syllabus intends to produce learners who are capable of developing and managing sport enterprises that conform to national and international best practices and specifications. These innovations will be sport research based.

1.3 Summary of content

The Secondary School Sports Management syllabus covers theory and practical activities for learners in form 5 and 6. It comprises of the preamble (introduction, rationale, summary of content, methodology, time allocation, assumptions and cross cutting themes), syllabus presentation, aims, objectives, topics, competency matrix assessment guidelines and glossary.

1.4 Methodology

The methods suggested below overlap and are mutually supportive but not exhaustive.

- Demonstration
- Practice
- Discovery/guided discovery
- Problem solving
- Games /puzzles
- Telling and listening to stories
- Song and dance
- Educational tours/ excursions
- Role play, job shadowing, drama and animation
- Simulation and questioning
- Group/individual projects
- Command style
- Reciprocal
- Task
- Training- workshops, seminars, symposiums, mini conferences
- Internship and attachments

Engagement of resource persons and integration of ICT tools is recommended

1.5 Time Allocation

Form 5 and 6 learners to receive a minimum of 10 x 40minutes periods per week.

1.6 Assumptions

The syllabus assumes that learners:

- are interested and motivated to learn Sports Management
- acquired knowledge and skills related to Sports Management from their previous learning experience
- have Information and Communication Technologies (ICTs) knowledge for use in Sports Management
- engage in project work, volunteerism and self-assessment activities
- have passes in physical education, sport and mass displays, mathematics and at least one commercial learning area at Form 4

1.7 Cross cutting themes

The inclusion of the following cross-cutting issues seeks to foster competency development through the teaching and learning of Sport Management.

- Life and Enterprise Skills
- Gender
- Guidance and Counseling
- Children's rights
- Disaster Risk Management and Environmental issues
- Sexuality, HIV and AIDS
- Information and Communication Technology tools
- Child protection
- Heritage Studies and Collaboration

2.0 Presentation of the syllabus

The Secondary School Sport Management syllabus is in the form of one document, with topics which are further broken down into sub topics. The syllabus is set with topics for both forms 5 and 6. The content has concepts which are presented progressively from one topic to the other and from one level to the other.

3.0 **AIMS**

- 3.1 to produce learners with Sports Management competencies
- 3.2 to apply evidence-based practices in Sports Management
- 3.3 to produce learners with fundamental humanity values
- 3.4 to create a wider technological application base for development of personnel in various sport related careers

OBJECTIVES

By the end of form 6, learners should be able to:

- **3.1** understand management theory and functions relative to basic planning, personnel planning.
- **3.2** organise , lead, and evaluate in the sport management events comprehend existing leadership theory, and how it will relate to developing individual leadership style explore career choices in the sport management field analyse strategic case studies in sport for decision making in Sports Management
- **3.3** carry out research in specific areas of interest or aptitude in Sports Management
- **3.4** disseminate research findings on Sport Management to stakeholders
- **3.5** summarise and critique the viewpoints and theories of major sport practitioners in the Sport Management field
- **3.6** practice proficiency in facilities and equipment use, care and maintenance
- **3.7** apply Sports Management policies, practices and principles

3.8 explain the sport marketing matrix

practice proficiency in facilities and equipment useexplain the sport marketing matrix

TOPICS

TOPIC 1: Principles of Sport Management

- Introduction to sport management
- Leadership and communication
- Management of human resources in sport
- Risk management in sport
- Facility management in sport
- Sport financial management

TOPIC 2: Sport Governance and Participation

- History of sport in Zimbabwe
- Organisation of sport in Zimbabwe
- Gender and sport
- In and out of school sport

- Amateur and professional sport
- International sport
- Inclusive sport
- TOPIC 3: Sport Law and Ethics
- Sport Law
- Sport Ethics

TOPIC 4: Sport Business Management

- Strategic Management in Sport
- Sport Marketing and Sponsorship
- Sport commercialisation
- Sport Agents

TOPIC 5: Sport and Recreation

• Recreational sport

TOPIC 6: Sport Event Organisation

• Sport Event Management

5.0 SCOPE AND SEQUENCE

TOPIC 1: Principles of Sport Management

Sub-Topic	Form 5	Form 6
Introduction to sport management	 Definition of Sport Management 	
	Sport Management principles	

Sub-Topic	Form 5	Form 6
	-Planning or forecasting	
	-Organizing	
	-Leading or commanding	
	-Controlling	
	-Coordinating	
Leadership and communication	Leadership:	Communication:
	-Nature of leadership	-Types
	-Leadership qualities	-Methods
	-Styles of leadership	-Tools
	• Role of leadership in effective sport management	Effective communication
Management of human resources in sport	Human resources management	Developing a human resources strategy
	Recruiting and de-recruiting	Training methods
	Skill categories	Motivation of Human

Sub-Topic	Form 5	Form 6
		 Resources Developing skills for Human Resources
Risk management in sport	 Risk Management -Risk indicators -Risk Assessment 	 Risk treatment Legal liability for the safety and health of athletes
Facility management in sport	Types of facilitiesFacility and activity	 Facility maintenance Operating the facility as a business
Sport financial management	 Transparency in financial management Financial management cycle 	 Roles of financial managers Evaluation and reporting

TOPIC 2: Sport Governance and Participation

Subtopic	Form 5	Form 6
	Sport heritage studies	
History of sport in Zimbabwe	 Indigenous sport, games and play 	
	• Educational and life values of indigenous games and	
	sport	
	Colonial and post-colonial sport	
Organization of enert in Zimbeburg	Organogram of Zimbabwean sport	
Organisation of sport in Zimbabwe	National Sport and Recreation policy	
Condex and enert	 Sport representation by gender 	
Gender and sport	 Social constructs and stereotyping 	
	History of school sport	
In and out of school sport	 Organisation of school sport 	
	 Competitions in school sport 	
	Club links	
	 Talent identification models 	
	School sport resourcing	
	Definition of terms	
Amateur and professional sport	 Reasons for participation 	
	Athlete development	
	International sport:	
International sport	-participating benefits	
	-governance	
	-funding	
Inclusive sport	• Paralympics	
	Factors affecting participation in sport	

TOPIC 3: Sport Law and Ethics

Subtopic	Form 5	Form 6
Sport Law	 Policies on sport: The Constitution of Zimbabwe's provisions for sport participation National Sport and Recreation Policy Statutory Instrument governing sport in Zimbabwe 	 Arbitration and dispute resolution Codes of conduct Contracts Insurance and Indemnification
Sport Ethics	 Sportsmanship Fair play Gamesmanship Cheating Doping 	 Sport and Peace Animals in sport Sport betting and gambling

TOPIC 4: Sport Business Management

Subtopic	Form 5	Form 6
Strategic management in Sport	 Strategic planning process Preparing for the strategic process Vision, values, mission and strategic objectives Action plans Control and evaluation Marketing overview Advertising 	 Strategic plan for an organization Operational planning Organisational plans Conducting meetings Managing sponsorship Marketing mix
Sport commercialization	Marketing of sport Marketing products through sport Broadcasting rights	 Event marketing Marketing communication strategy Commercialisation:

Subtopic	Form 5	Form 6
	 The relationship between sport ,media and business -impact of media coverage on sport formats and organisation 	 -impact of sponsorship -athletes and commercialisation Sport goods industry Patenting and copyright
Sport Agents	 Definition of a sport agent Roles of a sport agent 	

TOPIC 5: Sport and Recreation

Subtopic	Form 5	Form 6
Recreational sport	 Sport and recreational facilities Community recreation programmes Recreation for healthy living Factors influencing participation in recreational activities Management of recreational 	 Theories of recreation Recreation as recreation Recreation as value to an individual and society

Subtopic	Form 5 activities and facilities • Recreation and sport development	Form 6 -Recreation as leisure activity -Recreation as needs serving
Sport Event Publicity		 Types of Media Managing Media Communication Tools

TOPIC 6: Sport Event Organisation

Subtopic	Form 5		Form 6	
Event Management	•	Event cycle	•	Managing media
	•	Event management plan		
	•	Human resource for sport event		
	•	Event hosting benefits		

FORM 5 COMPETENCY MATRIX

TOPIC 1: Principles of Sport Management

SUB-TOPIC	OBJECTIVES: Learners should be able to:	CONTENT	SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES	SUGGESTED RESOURCES MATERIALS
Introduction to sport management	 define sport management as a discipline outline sport management principles describe the principles of sport management apply principles of sport management in sport programming 	 Sport management Sport management principles -Planning or forecasting -Organizing -Leading or commanding -Controlling -Coordinating 	 Discussing sport management as a discipline Identifying principles of sport management Describing the characteristics of each principle of sport management 	 ICT tools Resource persons Print media
Leadership and communication	 explain the meaning of leadership outline the nature of leadership state the leadership qualities list the leadership 	 Leadership: -Nature of leadership -Leadership qualities -Leadership styles 	 Explaining the meaning of leadership Outlining the nature of leadership Discussing styles of leadership in relation to sport Analysing media depicting various leadership styles Role-playing on 	 ICT tools Resource persons Print media Video footages

SUB-TOPIC	OBJECTIVES: Learners should be able to:	CONTENT	SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES	SUGGESTED RESOURCES MATERIALS
Management of human resources in sport	 styles analyse the role of leadership in effective sport management identify ways of developing a leaders Identify the human resources management principles identify stages in recruiting and de- recruiting processes describe the function of human resources management in a sport organization 	 Role of leadership in effective sport management human resources management Recruiting and de-recruiting processes Skill categories 	 different roles in leadership Job shadowing Identifying positions in various sports organisations Describing responsibilities carried out by different people in the organisation Discussing functions of human resources management 	 ICT tools Print media
Risk management in sport	 define risk management list risk indicators 	 Risk Management Risk indicators 	 Stating risk indicators Describing the instruments used to assess risks Discussing the 	 ICT tools Resource persons Risk assessment
	assess risk faced by	• Risk	importance of assessing risks	instruments

SUB-TOPIC	OBJECTIVES: Learners should be able to:	CONTENT	SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES	SUGGESTED RESOURCES MATERIALS
Facility management in sport	 sport organisations discuss the importance of assessing risks identify internal and external risk factors list the types of facilities identify roles of facility management personnel distinguish between public and private facilities outline the functions of various facilities 	 Assessment Types of facilities Facility and activity 	 Identifying internal and external risk factors Designing risk assessment instruments Carrying out a case study analysis on risk management Listing of types of sport facilities Discussing design and building considerations in facilities use Discussing ways of converting a facility into a multi-purpose sporting facility Visiting various sporting facilities Identifying proper and improper use of sporting facilities 	 Print media Sporting facilities ICT tools Resource persons
Sport financial management	 Prepare proper sport financial statements Identify ways of accounting for funds in sport describe phases of 	 Transparency in financial management Financial management cycle 	 Discussing the procurement process Recording of receipts and payments in the books of accounts Drawing financial management cycle Distinguishing 	 ICT tools Books of accounts Resource person

SUB-TOPIC	OBJECTIVES: Learners should be able to:	CONTENT	SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES	SUGGESTED RESOURCES MATERIALS
	 financial management cycle distinguish between financial management and accounting state the main stakeholders in sport 		 between financial and management accounting Analysing financial and management accounting decision making tools 	
			Listing the main stakeholders of sport	

TOPIC 2: Sport Governance and Participation

SUB-TOPIC	OBJECTIVES: Learners should be able to:	CONTENT	SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES	SUGGESTED RESOURCES MATERIALS
History of sport in Zimbabwe	 define sport heritage studies identify indigenous sports, games and play 	 Sport heritage studies Indigenous sport, games and play Educational and life values of indigenous 	 Discussing indigenous games Researching on different indigenous games 	 Zimbabwe ethnic group distribution map Indigenous game

SUB-TOPIC	OBJECTIVES: Learners should be able to:	CONTENT	SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES	SUGGESTED RESOURCES MATERIALS
	 demonstrate some of the indigenous games explain the educational and life values of indigenous games and sport analyse the historical development of sport from colonial to post-colonial period 	games and sport • Colonial and post- colonial sport	 Demonstrating how the games were played Analysing transformations in indigenous games Compiling a booklet of indigenous sport and games Visiting some historical sport heritage sites where the games were played Visiting some sport clubs in the country Discussing on the foundation of Zimbabwe sport development Analysing pre and post-colonial in Zimbabwean sport 	equipment and facilities ICT tools Colonial sport equipment Sport artifacts
Organisation of sport in Zimbabwe	 illustrate the organogram of Zimbabwean sport analyse the roles of sport delivery agents and partners examine roles of various sport and 	 Organogram of Zimbabwean sport National Sport and Recreation policy 	 Drawing the organogram of Zimbabwe sport Discussing the roles of sport delivery agents and partners Examining roles and responsibilities of key stakeholders 	 National Sports and Recreation policy ICT tools Print media

SUB-TOPIC	OBJECTIVES: Learners should be able to:	CONTENT	SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES	SUGGESTED RESOURCES MATERIALS
	recreation stakeholders in implementing the National Sport and Recreation policy		 Discussing the priority areas in Sport and Recreation policy Visiting sport delivery agents and partners 	
Gender and sport	 identify disciplines that are or were gender biased describe equity by gender in sport select sporting discipline that address gender disparity at various levels of development analyse the effects of religious, cultural and traditional beliefs and values in addressing sport gender disparity 	 Sport representation by gender Social constructs and stereotyping 	 Listing sporting activities that were biased by gender such as: -netball for girls -football for boys -nhodo/ igwini for girls -tsoro for boys Discussing gender equity in current sporting situations and structures Identifying sporting activities that address gender disparity at various levels of development Debating the effects of religious, cultural and traditional beliefs and values in addressing sport gender disparity Dramatising various 	 ICT tools Team lists Pictures and photos Equipment models Archive material

SUB-TOPIC	OBJECTIVES: Learners should be able to:	CONTENT	SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES sport participation	SUGGESTED RESOURCES MATERIALS
			 consideration Researching on leadership positions by gender 	
In and out of school sport	 outline the historical developments of school sport in Zimbabwe analyse the disparity in provision of facilities for in- school and out of school sport identify the organisers and funders of in and out of school sport create linkages between school and club sport outline the structure or organogram of in and out of school sport analyse models used for in and out of school sport talent identification 	 History of School sport: Organisation of school sport Competitions in school sport Club links school sport resourcing Talent identification models 	 Identifying the development stages of sport in Zimbabwe Describing the evolution of Zimbabwean sport from colonial to post-colonial Visiting old sports institutions such sport clubs, schools and other sporting facilities Role-playing the colonial and post-colonial sporting activities Drawing the structure or organogram of in and out of school sport Comparing provision of facilities and equipment for in and out of school 	 ICT tools Sport magazines Sport photograph School and club reports Locally available sporting facilities Chart with school sport organogram

SUB-TOPIC	OBJECTIVES: Learners should be able to:	CONTENT	SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES	SUGGESTED RESOURCES MATERIALS
			 sport Capturing data related to equipment and facilities for sport Identifying the organisers and funders of in and out of school sport Drawing and annotating the organogram of in and out of school sport Identifying club needs and joining the clubs at various capacities Analysing models used for in and out of school sport talent identification 	
Amateur and professional sport	 describe amateur and professional sports identify reasons for participation in sport explain athlete development and 	 Athlete status Professional Amateur Reasons for participation Athlete development and support system 	 Defining the terms amateur and professional sporting Listing reasons why people engage in sport Identifying benefits 	 ICT tools Print media Video footages Athletes profile records

SUB-TOPIC	OBJECTIVES: Learners should be able to:	CONTENT	SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES	SUGGESTED RESOURCES MATERIALS
International sport	 support system from one stage to the other and from amateur to professional discuss the benefits of participating in international sports analyse the governance of international sports federations identify sources of 	 International sport: Participating benefits governance funding 	 derived from participating in sport at various levels such as scholarship, jobs, commercialisation Analysing the merits and demerits of participating as amateur or professional athletes Discussing benefits of participating in international sports Describing various structures of international sport Examining the roles of different 	 ICT tools Sport magazines Video footages Recommende d websites
	funding of international sport		 Stakeholders within the structures of international games Listing sources of funding 	
Inclusive sport	 discuss events of the inclusive sports games examine factors affecting participation in sports 	 Paralympics Factors or barriers affecting participation in sport 	 Identifying strategies for promoting inclusive sport Discussing ways of adapting sporting activities for 	 ICT tools Magazines Resource person

SUB-TOPIC	OBJECTIVES: Learners should be able to:	CONTENT	SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES	SUGGESTED RESOURCES MATERIALS
	 identify strategies for promoting participation in sport 		 Listing factors that affect participation such as: age, gender, health status, physical challenges Planning for various sporting activities such as, tournaments, festivals, sports biras or galas 	

TOPIC 3: Sport Law and Ethics

SUB-TOPIC	OBJECTIVES: Learners should be able to:	CONTENT	SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES	SUGGESTED RESOURCES MATERIALS
Sport Law	 Explain extracts on provisions for sport participation from the constitution of Zimbabwe state the legal duties of sport administrators 	 Policies on sport: The Constitution of Zimbabwe's provisions for sport participation National Sport and Recreation 	 Discussing the sport participation provisions in the constitution of Zimbabwe Stating the legal duties of sport administrators Identifying statutory instruments for sport governance in Zimbabwe 	 The constitution of the republic of Zimbabwe Sport policies(natio nal and international) Resource person ICT tools Magazines

SUB-TOPIC	OBJECTIVES: Learners should be able to:	CONTENT	SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES	SUGGESTED RESOURCES MATERIALS
		Policy -Statutory Instrument governing sport in Zimbabwe		• Journals
Sport Ethics	 analyse sportsmanship, gamesmanship and fair play principles identify the implications of doping and cheating 	 Sportsmanship Fair play Gamesmanshi p Cheating Doping 	 Role- playing/dramatisation on sportsmanship and fair play Identifying cases of doping and how they have been dealt with legally Discussing ways of eradicating cheating 	 World Anti- Doping Agency(WAD A) websites Resource persons ICT tools

TOPIC 4: Sport Business Management

SUB-TOPIC	OBJECTIVES: Learners should be able to:	CONTENT	SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES	SUGGESTED RESOURCES MATERIALS
Strategic management in sport	 state reasons for strategic management outline the strategic planning process develop vision ,mission, strategic objectives, action plans and funding model for sport organisation formulate a control and evaluation template for strategic plans cost a strategic planning process 	 Strategic planning process -Preparing for the strategic process -Vision, values, mission and strategic objectives -Action plans -Control and evaluation 	 Outlining the strategic process Developing vision, mission strategic objectives and action plans for sport organization Formulating control and evaluation template for strategic plans Creating a budget and funding model linked to the strategic plan 	 ICT Tools Resource persons Related literature
Sports marketing and sponsorship	 discuss the role of marketing in sports design programmes that guarantee financial stability of an organisation through advertising identify ways of marketing sport products 	 Marketing overview Marketing roles in sport Advertising 	 Analysing roles of marketing in sport Discussing forms of advertising Designing models of sport marketing Designing an advertisement for sport goods 	 ICT tools Print media Resource persons

SUB-TOPIC	OBJECTIVES: Learners should be able to:	CONTENT	SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES	SUGGESTED RESOURCES MATERIALS
	 design an advertisement of sport products state the methods of advertising 	 Marketing of sport Marketing products through sport 	 Discussing the methods of advertising Visiting marketing agencies 	
Sport commercialisatio n	 define broadcasting and media rights discuss broadcasting rights relate the relationship among sport, media and business evaluate the impact of media coverage on sport formats and organisation 	 Broadcasting and media rights The relationship among sport, media and business: -impact of media coverage on sport formats and organisation 	 Analysing the broadcasting and media rights Explaining the relationship among sport, media and business Determining the impact of media coverage on sport formats and organisation Discussing in groups on the impact of media on sports organisationss Visiting media houses 	 ICT tools Resource person Media Acts Statutory Instruments
Sport Agents	 define sport agent analyse the roles of a sport agent explain athletes transfer process 	 Definition of a sport agent Roles of a 	 Discussing the roles of an agent in sport Role-playing on the roles of sport agent 	 ICT tools Resource persons Samples of contract forms

SUB-TOPIC	OBJECTIVES: Learners should be able to:	CONTENT	SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES	SUGGESTED RESOURCES MATERIALS
		sport agent		

TOPIC 5: Sport and Recreation

SUB-TOPIC	OBJECTIVES: Learners should be able to:	CONTENT	SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES	SUGGESTED RESOURCES MATERIALS
Recreational sport	 identify recreational facilities differentiate between sport and recreation design community recreation programmes for health living select appropriate ways of managing recreational facilities and activities discuss recreational activities that lead to sport development 	 Sport and recreational facilities Community recreation programmes Recreation for healthy living Factors influencing participation and recreational activities Management of recreational activities and facilities 	 Discussing on the characteristics of sport and recreation Recommending activities that promote healthy living Engaging in community projects that promote sport health living Identifying locally available recreation facilities Organising community sport and recreation clubs 	 ICT tools Video available Community sport facilities Magazines

SUB-TOPIC	OBJECTIVES: Learners should be able to:	CONTENT	SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES	SUGGESTED RESOURCES MATERIALS
		 Recreation and sport development 	 Forming community sport and recreation clubs Joining community sport and recreation clubs 	

TOPIC 6: Sport Event Organisation

SUB-TOPIC	OBJECTIVES: Learners should be able to:	CONTENT	SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES	SUGGESTED RESOURCES MATERIALS
Sport Event Management	 explain the sport event cycle process design a sport event management plan identify human resources needed to organise a sport event assess the benefits of hosting a sport event to an organisation 	 Event cycle Event management plan Human resource for sport event Event hosting benefits 	 Outlining the phases of an event cycle Drawing up a plan for staging an event Staging of a sport event Describing phases of event management Discussing bidding for an event Identifying the resources needed to organise an event 	 ICT tools Print media

FORM 6 COMPETENCY MATRIX

TOPIC 1: Principles of Sport Management

SUB-TOPIC	OBJECTIVES: Learners should be able to:	CONTENT	SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES	SUGGESTED RESOURCES MATERIALS
Leadership and communication	 define communication describe types and methods of communication explain what is meant by effective communication identify factors that enhance effective communication identify barriers to communication assess communication tools 	 Communication Types Methods Tools Effective communication 	 Discussing types, methods and tools of communication Describing channels of communication Illustrating communication cycle Dramatising on barriers to effective communication 	 ICT tools Print media Resource person
Management of human resources	discuss strategies for motivating human resources	• Human resources	Developing a human resources development strategy	 ICT tools Resource persons

SUB-TOPIC	OBJECTIVES: Learners should be able to:	CONTENT	SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES	SUGGESTED RESOURCES MATERIALS
in sport	 identify the skills to be developed for effective management of people in a sport organisation 	strategy Motivation of Human Resources Skills development 	 for an identified sports organisation Assessing staff and volunteer training needs in an organisation Identifying critical aspects for motivating the people within the sports organisation Developing training plans models for a sport organisation 	• Print media
Risk management in sport	 identify strategies to manage risk in sport describe the different types of insurance policies draft documents that indemnify the athlete and the organisation discuss procedures of claims for compensation to sport injuries 	 Risk treatment Legal liability for the safety and health of athletes Claims and compensation procedures for sport injuries 	 Discussing strategies to manage risk in sport Analysing different types of insurance policies such as: -professional indemnity insurance -public liability insurance -public liability insurance -player accident insurance -voluntary workers insurance -property insurance -occupational health and safety cover -legal liability for the safety and health of athletes 	 ICT tools Disclaimer notices Claim forms and compensatio n procedure forms Resources persons

SUB-TOPIC	OBJECTIVES: Learners should be able to:	CONTENT	SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES	SUGGESTED RESOURCES MATERIALS
			• Describing the procedures for claiming compensation to sport injuries	
Facility management in sport	 Describe how sport facilities are maintained explain the importance of facility maintenance in relation to sport participation show how sport facilities can be turned into business entities 	 Facility maintenance Operating the facility as a business 	 Describing ways of maintaining various sport facilities Identifying areas which may cause disasters on a sport facility if not properly maintained Drawing up business proposal of converting an identified facility for business and benefiting an identified sport organisation Visiting various sporting facilities 	 ICT tools Resources persons Print media
Sport financial	explain the		Explaining the	ICT tools
management	importance of preparing financial	Roles of financial	importance of preparing financial	Resource person

SUB-TOPIC	OBJECTIVES: Learners should be able to:	CONTENT	SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES	SUGGESTED RESOURCES MATERIALS
	 accounts outline roles of financial managers drawing up financial statements for sport organisations discuss the importance of managing finances in a sport organisation interpret financial statements evaluate sport financial records critique sport financial reports 	 managers Evaluation and reporting Financial statements Financial reports Financing of sport organisations 	 and management accounts Outlining the roles in financial management Discussing the roles of financial management Interpreting financial statements Evaluating results of managing finances in sport Analysing sport financial reports 	• Print media

TOPIC 2: Sport Law and Ethics

SUB-TOPIC	OBJECTIVES: Learners should be able to:	CONTENT	SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES	SUGGESTED RESOURCES MATERIALS
Sports Law	 describe the processes in sports related disputes explain the importance of codes of conduct identify the importance of contracts in sport organisations drawing up a code of 	 Arbitration and dispute resolution Code of conduct Contracts Insurance and Indemnification 	 Role-playing dispute resolution in sport Discussing code of conducts for various sport organisations Designing of contracts Discussing important concepts that make a contract 	 ICT tools Resources persons Print media Constitutio n Sample contracts

SUB-TOPIC	OBJECTIVES: Learners should be able to: conduct for a sport organization	CONTENT	SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES	SUGGESTED RESOURCES MATERIALS
Sports Ethics	 identify sport values and activities that promote unhu/ubuntu/vumunh u describe the concept of sport for reconciliation and peace building discuss ethical considerations when dealing with animals in sport analyse various sport betting and gambling methods assess motives for betting and gambling in sport 	 Sport and peace Animals in sport Sport betting and gambling 	 Analysing the sport values that promote unhu/ubuntu/vumunhu Discussing the concept of sport for reconciliation and peace building Discussing the motives for betting and gambling in sport Analysing the effects of betting and gambling Investigating how sport can be used for nation building Assessing how betting and gambling contribute to match fixing in sport Visiting sport betting and gambling centres 	 ICT tools Print media Resource persons Betting and gambling centres

TOPIC 3: Sport Business Management

SUB-TOPIC	OBJECTIVES: Learners should be able to:	CONTENT	SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES	SUGGESTED RESOURCES MATERIALS
Strategic management in sport	 develop a strategic plan for a sport organisation analyse operational plans for sport organisations describe how sport meetings are conducted 	 Strategic plan for a sport organisation Operational planning Conducting meetings 	 Examining aspects of operational planning Identifying types of sport meetings Describing principles of effective sport meeting management Developing a strategic plan for an organisation Assessing sport organisations strategic plans 	 ICT tools Resource persons Print media Samples of strategic plans

SUB-TOPIC	Learners should be able to:		SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES	SUGGESTED RESOURCES MATERIALS
Sport marketing and sponsorship	 design organisational sponsorship objectives discuss ways of managing sponsorship analyse the marketing mix develop marketing communication strategies 	 Managing sponsorship Marketing mix Marketing communication strategies 	 Assessing the value of sponsorship objectives in an organisation Identifying ways of managing sponsorship Discussing the marketing mix Researching on event marketing Assessing the impact of sponsorship Creating a marketing portfolio 	 ICT tools Print media Marketing houses Resource persons
Sport commercialisatio n	 define patenting and copyrighting processes identify enterprise opportunities in sport goods industry analyse the significance of patenting and copyrighting local sport goods create models for patenting and copyrighting 	 Commercialisation Commercialisation -impact of sponsorship -athletes and commercialisation Sport goods industry Patenting and copyright 	 Identifying business opportunities in sport goods industries Defining patenting principles and procedures Discussing copyrighting procedures Outlining standards specification of goods in sport industry Exhibiting models 	 ICT tools Print media Models

SUB-TOPIC	OBJECTIVES: Learners should be able to:	CONTENT	SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES	SUGGESTED RESOURCES MATERIALS

TOPIC 4: Sport and Recreation

SUB-TOPIC	OBJECTIVES: Learners should be able to:	CONTENT	SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES	SUGGESTED RESOURCES MATERIALS
Recreational sport	 describe the theories of recreation compare the theories of recreation with local experiences identify short comings of the recreational theories 	 Theories of recreation -Recreation as recreation -Recreation as value to an individual and society -Recreation as leisure activity -Recreation as needs serving 	 Identifying the theories of recreation Describing the theories of recreation Differentiating the theories of recreation Analysing recreation theories 	 ICT tools Resource persons Print media

TOPIC 5: Sport Event Organisation

SUB-TOPIC	OBJECTIVES:	CONTENT	SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES	SUGGESTED
	Learners should be able to:			RESOURCES MATERIALS
Sport Event Publicity	 describe types of media identify communication tools used for sport event information dissemination describe the importance of a centralised media liaison center during sport event hosting outline the importance of a media operating platform during asport event identify the impact of media in sport 	 Types of media Managing media Communicatio n tools 	 Identifying types of media Discussing ways of accrediting media at an event Analysing roles of a media liaison center or officer Describing press conference preparation and hosting during a sport event Outlining information dissemination methods used during a sport event Role playing on sport event coverage and press conference Examining positioning of branding and sponsorship partners during media coverage Attending and observing press conferences 	 ICT tools Print media Resource persons

7.0 ASSESSMENT

7.1 Assessment Objectives

Learners will be assessed on their ability to:

- 7.1.1 display knowledge of marketing, risk management and sport for reconciliation and peace
- 7.1.2 identify career opportunities in Sports Management based on individual areas of strength
- 7.1.3 explain factors that influence sport participation
- 7.1.4 demonstrate enterprising skills through sport facilities and equipment utilisation, apparel promotion and marketing
- 7.1.5 demonstrate desirable interpersonal dimensions, moral and ethical values underlying the unhu/ ubuntu/ vumunhu philosophy
- 7.1.6 apply Sports Management policies, practices and principles
- 7.1.7 apply sport law and ethical principles in sport management
- 7.1.8 apply skills and strategies acquired through studying Sports Management
- 7.1.9 design training, strategic and sport event management plans for various sporting events
- 7.1.10 analyse the governance of sport at various levels
- 7.1.11 evaluate sport programmes

8.0 SCHEME OF ASSESSMENT

The assessment will be both continuous and summative. It will be based on achieving the learning outcomes for each topic and form level. Learner profiling informs where the learner has made progress and areas for future

development in relation to the objectives. The Learner Profile Record states the learner's entry abilities and potential at every level in addition to concepts, skills and knowledge the learner has acquired or developed

(NOTE: In the absence of learner profile record, refer to the assessment guide on how to determine entry level ability and potential).

In Sports Management, the assessment follows the principle of progression. Learners will be assessed on their in depth understanding of basic knowledge of Sport Management before graduating for the next level. For example, Principles of Sport Management have to be comprehended thoroughly for the learner to study the next topics like Sport Governance and Participation .Background knowledge is critical for movement to the next level in the same topic or next topic hence assessment has to be carried out continuously and the learner profiling has to be carried out regularly.

The assessment will be based on 60% continuous assessment and 40% summative assessment. The two assessment models constitute practical, theory and projects. The syllabus' scheme of assessment is grounded in the principle of equalisation of opportunities, therefore, does not condone direct or indirect discrimination of learners.

Arrangements, accommodations and modifications must be visible in both continuous and summative assessments to enable differently abled learners to access assessments and receive accurate performance measurement of their abilities. Access arrangements must neither give these learners an undue advantage over others nor compromise the standards being assessed. Learners who are unable to access the assessments of any component or part of component due to disability (transitory or permanent) may be eligible to receive an award based on the assessment they would have taken.

NOTE:For further details on arrangements, accommodations and modifications refer to the sports management assessment procedure booklet.

8.1 Forms of Assessment

FORM OF ASSESSMENT WEIGHTING

Continuous	60%
Summative	40%
TOTAL	100%

8.2 Continuous Assessment (60%)

LEVEL	ASSESSMENT	FREQUENCY	PAPER	WEIGHTING
	TASK		WEIGHTING	
FORM 5	Theory test	1 per term (excluding first term)	15%	
	Practical	1 per term (excluding first term)	10%	30%
	assignment			
	Project	1 per year	5%	_
FORM 6	Theory test	1 per term (excluding third term)	15%	
	Practical	1 per term (excluding third term)	10%	30%
	assignment			
	Project	1 per year	5%	
TOTAL	1	<u> </u>	60%	60%

8.3 Summative Assessment (40%)

PAPER	DESCRIPTION	DURATION	NO OF QUESTIONS	MARKS	PAPER WEIGHTING	WEIGHTING
1	Multiple choice questions	1 hour 20 minutes	40	40	15%	

2	Structured questions	3 hours	5	100	25%	40%	
TOTAL	TOTAL 40% 40%						
NOTE:							

Paper 1 - A multiple choice test consisting of 40 items with four options each, testing across the whole syllabus

Paper 2 - A written paper which consists of **two** sections.

Section **A** consist of **four** compulsory structured questions and section **B** consist of **one** compulsory data response (case study/ problem solving) question.

9.0 THE SPECIFICATION GRID

SKILL	PAPER 1	PAPER 2
Knowledge and understanding	60%	30%
Application and analysis	40%	30%
Synthesis and evaluation	-	40%
TOTAL	100	100

10.0 Skill guide

- **Skill 1**: Candidates are expected to demonstrate knowledge and understanding of sport management concepts and principles and apply them in preparing sport management plans
- Skill 2: Candidates are expected to select, order, analyse and present information on sport management
- **Skill 3**: Candidates are expected to present well thought explanations, make decisions, recommendations and judgments based on sport management principles.